

UN-REDD PROGRAMME

## Provincial REDD+ Action Plan (PRAP)

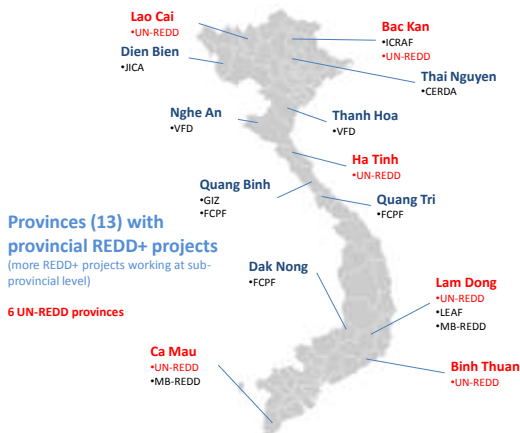
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UN-REDD Programme for Viet Nam Phase II

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## Introduction of UNREDD Phase II

- **Objective:** To enhance Viet Nam’s ability to benefit from future results-based payments for REDD+ and undertake transformational changes in the forestry sector.
- **Six outcomes**
- **Duration:** 2013 – 2015 – extended to 2018
- **Budget:** NOK 180 million, equivalent to approx. US\$30 million (almost half for demonstration activities)



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## Phase II: Outcomes

- **Outcome 1:** Capacities for an operational National REDD+ Action Programme (NRAP) are in place
- **Outcome 2:** The six pilot provinces enabled to plan and implement REDD+ actions (PRAP/SiRAP)
- **Outcome 3:** National Forest Monitoring System (NFMS) for Monitoring and Measurement, Reporting and Verification and National REDD+ Information System (NRIS) on Safeguards are operational

**UN-REDD PROGRAMME** Phase II: Outcomes

- **Outcome 4:** Stakeholders at different levels are able to receive positive incentives
- **Outcome 5:** Mechanisms to address the social and environmental safeguards under the Cancun Agreement, established
- **Outcome 6:** Regional cooperation enhances progress on REDD+ implementation in the Lower Mekong Sub-Region

**UN-REDD PROGRAMME** REDD+ implementation strategy

The diagram shows a top-down strategy with three levels:

- National REDD Action Plan (NRAP):** UNFCCC requirement, National policy and strategy, Approved in June 2012.
- Provincial REDD Action Plans (PRAP):** 6 Pilot Provinces. Is not UNFCCC requirement. Implement NRAP at provincial level. Mainly related to 2<sup>nd</sup> phase of REDD+.
- SIRAP (Site REDD+ Agreement Process):** Is not UNFCCC requirement. REDD activities implementation at local level.

**UN-REDD PROGRAMME** PRAP Process

- The PRAP process is an **integral part of the broader development planning** of Province such as SEDP and FPDP
- The PRAP is **participatory process** and deals with **cross sectoral** issues
- The PRAP process should be **owned and driven by the province** through the facilitation of the UN-REDD Programme and its PMU, PPMU

**UN-REDD PROGRAMME** Main steps

The PRAP process follows these main steps:

- PREPARE:**
  - Collect data and information
  - Capacity assessment and awareness raising
  - Provincial institutional and stakeholder analysis
- ANALYZE:**
  - Participatory analysis of "Drivers"
  - Spatial analysis
  - Institutional analysis
- PLAN:**
  - Identification of provincial intervention "packages"
  - Feasibility analysis of the identified package
  - Site-level planning
- MONITOR:**
  - Develop monitoring frameworks for provincial and site level interventions
- APPROVE & IMPLEMENT:**
  - Formulate into a "PRAP document" for approval

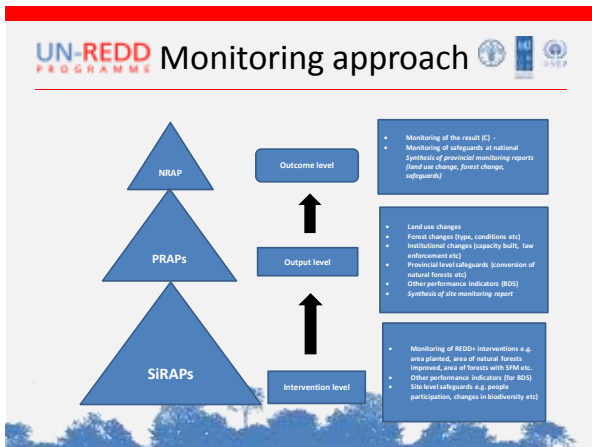
Timeline: 6-9 months/Province. Capacity building (on-going). Steps are implemented generally in this sequence, but may occur in parallel.

UN-REDD PROGRAMME PRAP and FPDP

Process	FPDP	PRAP
<b>Driver and intervention analysis</b>	Carried out with limited consultation	Participatory approach
Awareness raising	Not a part of FPDP	Is an integral process of PRAP
Spatial analysis	Carried out for recent status	Integrated with drivers and intervention package. Include historical land use changes to identify hotspots
Monitoring approach	Limited	Require comprehensive monitoring framework
Cross cutting issues	Not clear	Consider cross cutting issues such as Gender

UN-REDD PROGRAMME FPDP and PRAP

Elements	FPDP	PRAP
Legal basis	Has legal basis – forest protection and development circular	NRAP
Objective	National strategy on provincial forestry development	To contribute to NRAP.
Forestry activities or interventions	Various forestry interventions	Almost same – but directly related to five REDD activities –.
Cross-sectoral activities	Mainly focused on forestry sector	Include other sector as well.
Safeguards	Doesn't consider safeguards issues	Consider 7 safeguards according to Cancun agreement
Scope for reform	Can propose reform for policy, institutional and land use change	Has limited scope



- UN-REDD PROGRAMME Conclusion
- PRAP is a comprehensive REDD+ plan at provincial level
  - PRAP intends to harmonize with existing provincial plans
  - PRAP only works with entities that have **potential for Emission Reduction to address D&D**
  - PRAP follows **FPIC** principles – use participatory approach, try to build **ownership**
  - PRAP **monitors**, with comprehensive monitoring system – for assessing the effectiveness of PAMs, performance assessment, safeguards monitoring
  - **It goes beyond Forestry -**

**Thank you**

